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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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			2419	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/693,429	WALTON ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	MARCUS R. SMITH	2419		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 No. This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 35-41, 43-56, 58-68, 70-71, 73-82, 84 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 35-41, 43-56, 58-68, 70, 71, 73-82, 84 an 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. <u>d 85</u> is/are rejected.	plication.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the orange Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is objected to by the Expression is objected to by the Expression is objected.	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/03/08.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 43-47, 58-59 are objected to because of the following informalities: In the applicant remarks (page 1, paragraph 3), it states the applicant canceled claims 42, 57, 69, 72, and 83. However the applicant has not change the dependent claims based on claims canceled. For purpose of examining, the examiner viewed these claims will be examined as being dependent on the independent claims. Claims 43-47 will depend on claim 40, and claims 58-59 will depend on claim 55. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 35-41, 43-56, 58-68, 70-71, 73-82, 84, and 85 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paulraj et al. (US 6,351,499) in view of Shattil (US 7,317,750) and Bolourchi et al. (US 7,218,684).

with regard to claim 35, 39, 61, 64, Paulraj teaches (see figure 3):

A method of transmitting data in a wireless multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) communication system, comprising:

coding and modulating a first plurality of data streams to obtain a first plurality of data symbol streams (column 7, lines 10-20: S-T-coding unit, 66);

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spatially processing the first plurality of data symbol streams with a first plurality of steering vectors to obtain a first plurality of transmit symbol streams for transmission from a plurality of antennas to a first user terminal in a first transmission interval (column 8, lines 34-56: transmit processing unit, 72);

coding and modulating a second plurality of data streams to obtain a second plurality of data symbol streams (column 7, lines 10-20: S-T-coding unit, 66); and providing the second plurality of data symbol streams as a second plurality of transmit symbol streams for transmission from the plurality of antennas to a second user terminal in a second transmission interval (column 8, lines 34-56: transmit processing unit, 72).

Paulraj discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for wherein the second spatial multiplexing mode is a non-steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Shattil teaches a MIMO receiver system that performs spatially (array) processing (see figure 6b, column 19, lines 30-50). The receiver has combiner that combines all the signals from by decoding the orthogonal poly amplitude codes. Shattil teaches the combiner can perform various adaptive combining methods, which includes a multi-user detection, null steering, spatial interferometry multiplexing and etc. (see column 26, lines 20-37). The examiner views the null steering combining method as a non steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Also Bolourchi teaches transmitting and receiving signals using the null steering technique along with beam steering method in order to improve system capacity (column 2, lines 5-16).

Shattil teaches this MIMO system to provide efficiently process a single carrier signal via multi-carrier techniques which increase bandwidth efficiencies (column 3, lines 10-20). Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to have transmitter and receiver uses null steering technique as complementary method to the beam steering method (which uses steering vectors) for spatial processing in MIMO system as taught by Shattil and Bolourchi in the system of Paulraj in order to improve system capacity and increase bandwidth efficiencies.

with regard to claim 40, 48, 67, and 70, Paulraj teaches (see figure 4):

An apparatus in a wireless multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) communication system, comprising:

a receive spatial processor operative to perform receiver spatial processing on a first plurality of received symbol streams in accordance with a first spatial multiplexing mode to obtain a first plurality of recovered data symbol streams (column 9, lines 24-50: receive processing block, 86), and

perform receiver spatial processing on a second plurality of received symbol streams in accordance with a second spatial multiplexing mode to obtain a second plurality of recovered data symbol streams (column 9, lines 24-50: receive processing block, 86); and

a receive data processor operative to demodulate and decode the first plurality of recovered data symbol streams in accordance with a first plurality of rates to obtain a

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first plurality of decoded data streams (column 9, lines 50-67: S-T decoding unit, 88), and

demodulate and decode the second plurality of recovered data symbol streams in accordance with a second plurality of rates to obtain a second plurality of decoded data streams (column 9, lines 50-67: S-T decoding unit, 88).

Paulraj discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for wherein the second spatial multiplexing mode is a non-steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Shattil teaches a MIMO receiver system that performs spatially (array) processing (see figure 6b, column 19, lines 30-50). The receiver has combiner that combines all the signals from by decoding the orthogonal poly amplitude codes. Shattil teaches the combiner can perform various adaptive combining methods, which includes a multi-user detection, null steering, spatial interferometry multiplexing and etc. (see column 26, lines 20-37). The examiner views the null steering combing method as a non steered spatial multiplexing mode.

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vectors) for spatial processing in MIMO system as taught by Shattil and Bolourchi in the system of Paulraj in order to improve system capacity.

with regard to claim 49, 54, 55, 73, 77, Paulraj teaches (see figure 3):

A method of transmitting data in a wireless multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) communication system, comprising:

receiving information indicating a spatial multiplexing mode and a plurality of rates to use for data transmission, wherein the spatial multiplexing mode is selected from among a plurality of spatial multiplexing modes supported by the system, and wherein each of the plurality of rates is selected from among a set of rates supported by the system (column 7, lines 40-56: adaptive controller, 60);

coding and modulating a plurality of data streams in accordance with the plurality of rates to obtain a plurality of data symbol streams (column 7, lines 10-20: S-T-coding unit, 66); and

spatially processing the plurality of data symbol streams in accordance with the spatial multiplexing mode to obtain a plurality of transmit symbol streams for transmission from a plurality of antennas (column 8, lines 34-56: transmit processing unit, 72)

Paulraj discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for wherein the second spatial multiplexing mode is a non-steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Shattil teaches a MIMO receiver system that performs spatially (array) processing (see figure 6b, column 19, lines 30-50). The receiver has combiner that combines all the signals from by decoding the orthogonal poly amplitude codes. Shattil

teaches the combiner can perform various adaptive combining methods, which includes a multi-user detection, null steering, spatial interferometry multiplexing and etc. (see column 26, lines 20-37). The examiner views the null steering combing method as a non steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Also Bolourchi teaches transmitting and receiving signals using the null steering technique along with beam steering method in order to improve system capacity (column 2, lines 5-16).

Shattil teaches this MIMO system to provide efficiently process a single carrier signal via multi-carrier techniques which increase bandwidth efficiencies (column 3, lines 10-20). Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to have transmitter and receiver uses null steering technique as complementary method to the beam steering method (which uses steering vectors) for spatial processing in MIMO system as taught by Shattil and Bolourchi in the system of Paulraj in order to improve system capacity.

with regard to claims 81 and 84,

An apparatus of receiving data in a wireless multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) communication system, comprising:

means for receiving information indicating a spatial multiplexing mode and at least one rate to use for data transmission, wherein the spatial multiplexing mode is selected from among a plurality of spatial multiplexing modes supported by the system, and wherein each of the at least one rate is selected from among a set of rates supported by the system (column 10, lines 47-65);

means for spatially processing at least one received symbol stream in accordance with the spatial multiplexing mode to obtain at least one recovered data symbol stream (column 7, lines 10-20: S-T-coding unit, 66); and

means for demodulating and decoding the at least one recovered data symbol stream in accordance with the at least one rate to obtain at least one decoded data stream (column 9, lines 50-67: S-T decoding unit, 88).

Paulraj discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for wherein the second spatial multiplexing mode is a non-steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Shattil teaches a MIMO receiver system that performs spatially (array) processing (see figure 6b, column 19, lines 30-50). The receiver has combiner that combines all the signals from by decoding the orthogonal poly amplitude codes. Shattil teaches the combiner can perform various adaptive combining methods, which includes a multi-user detection, null steering, spatial interferometry multiplexing and etc. (see column 26, lines 20-37). The examiner views the null steering combing method as a non steered spatial multiplexing mode.

Also Bolourchi teaches transmitting and receiving signals using the null steering technique along with beam steering method in order to improve system capacity (column 2, lines 5-16).

Shattil teaches this MIMO system to provide efficiently process a single carrier signal via multi-carrier techniques which increase bandwidth efficiencies (column 3, lines 10-20). Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to have transmitter and receiver uses null steering

technique as complementary method to the beam steering method (which uses steering vectors) for spatial processing in MIMO system as taught by Shattil and Bolourchi in the system of Paulraj in order to improve system capacity.

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With regard to claims 36, 62, 65, Paulraj also teaches: deriving the first plurality of steering vectors such that the first plurality of data streams are transmitted on a plurality of orthogonal spatial channels of a first MIMO channel for the first user terminal (column 10, lines 15-30).

With regard to claims 37, 63, and 66, Paulraj also teaches: coding and modulating a third plurality of data streams to obtain a third plurality of data symbol streams (column 7, lines 10-20: S-T-coding unit, 66); and spatially processing the third plurality of data symbol streams with a second plurality of steering vectors to obtain a third plurality of transmit symbol streams for transmission from the plurality of antennas to a plurality of user terminals in a third transmission interval (column 8, lines 34-56: transmit processing unit, 72).

With regard to claim 38, Paulraj also teaches: deriving the second plurality of steering vectors such that the third plurality of data streams are received with suppressed crosstalk at the plurality of user terminals (column 10, lines 15-30).

With regard to claims 41, 50, 56, 68, 71, 74, 78, 82, and 85, Paulraj also teaches: wherein the first spatial multiplexing mode is a steered spatial multiplexing mode, and wherein the first plurality of received symbol streams are spatially processed with a plurality of eigenvectors for a plurality of spatial channels of a MIMO channel for a user terminal (column 11, lines 1-15).

With regard to claims 53, 76, and 80, Paulraj also teaches: further comprising: performing calibration so that uplink channel response is reciprocal of downlink channel response (column 10, lines 56-65).

With regard to claims 43, and 59, Shattil also teaches: wherein the second plurality of decoded data streams are estimates of a plurality of data streams transmitted by a single user terminal (column 19, lines 48-55, it specifies that channel estimation of transmitted symbols by at least user, but it also channel estimation with multi users since it's a multi-carrier system.)

With regard to claim 44, Shattil also teaches: wherein the second plurality of decoded data streams are estimates of a plurality of data streams transmitted simultaneously by a plurality of user terminals (column 19, lines 48-60: in lines 50-51, it specifies the receiver (column 19, lines 48-55, it specifies that channel estimation of transmitted symbols by at least user, but it also channel estimation with multi users since it's a multi-carrier system.).

With regard to claims 45, and part of 58, Paulraj also teaches: wherein the second plurality of received symbol streams are spatially processed based on a channel correlation matrix inversion (CCMI) technique (column 8, lines 1-10).

With regard to claims 46, and part of 58, Shattil also teaches: wherein the second plurality of received symbol streams are spatially processed based on a minimum mean square error (MMSE) technique (column 26, lines 1-10).

With regard to claims 47, part of 58, Shattil also teaches: wherein the second plurality of received symbol streams are spatially processed based on a successive interference cancellation (SIC) technique (column 26, lines 25-30).

With regard to claim 51, Shattil also teaches: transmitting a steered pilot on each of the plurality of orthogonal spatial channels (column 19, lines 60-67).

With regard to claims 52, 75, 79, Shattil also teaches: wherein the plurality of data symbol streams are provided as the plurality of transmit symbol streams (column 25, lines 1-12).

Response to Amendment

4. The amendment filed on 11/12/08 is sufficient to overcome the Paulraj reference.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 35-41, 43-56, 58-68, 70-71, 73-82, 84, and 85 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCUS R. SMITH whose telephone number is (571)270-1096. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs: 7:30 am - 5:00 p.m. and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wing Chan can be reached on 571 272-7493. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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MRS 1/27/09

/Wing F. Chan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2419 1/28/09